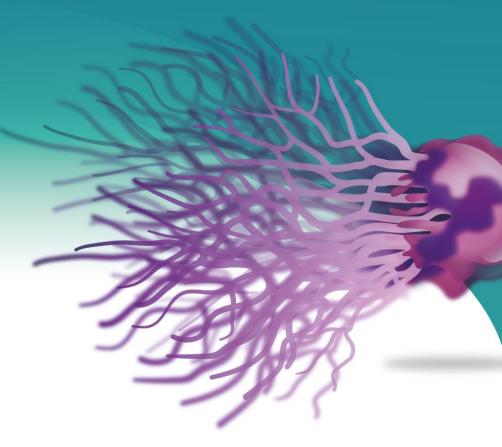
NETs: Casting a new light on sepsis management





Forward Looking Statements and Disclaimer



Statements in this document may be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that concern matters that involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated or projected in the forward-looking statements. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "flans," "aims," "targets," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "optimizing," "potential," "goal," "suggests," "could," "would," "should," "may," "will" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements relate to the timing, completion and delivery of data from clinical studies, the effectiveness of Volition's blood-based diagnostic and prognostic tests as well as Volition's ability to develop and successfully commercialize such test platforms for early detection of cancer and other diseases as well as serving as a diagnostic or prognostic tool for COVID-19. Volition's actual results may differ materially from those indicated in these forward-looking statements due to numerous risks and uncertainties, including, without limitation, results of studies testing the efficacy of its tests. For instance, if Volition fails to develop and commercialize diagnostic or prognostic products, it may be unable to execute its plan of operations. Other risks and uncertainties include Volition's failure to obtain necessary regulatory clearances or approvals to distribute and market future products; a failure by the marketplace to accept the products in Volition's development pipeline or any other diagnostic or prognostic products Volition might develop; Volition's failure to secure adequate intellectual property protection; Volition will face fierce competition and Volition's intended products may become obsolete due to the highly competitive nature of the diagnostics market and its rapid technological change; downturns in domestic and foreign economies; and other risks identified in Volition's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, as well as other documents that Volition files with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These statements are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about Volition's business based, in part, on assumptions made by management. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this release, and, except as required by law, Volition does not undertake an obligation to update its forward-looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances.

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Speakers





Dr. Andrew Retter

MBBS, MRCP, FRCPath (Haem), DICM, FFICM

Clinical Lead in Critical Care Medicine, ECMO and Thrombosis

Chief Medical Officer at VolitionRx, UK



Mr. Gael Forterre

Chief Commercial Officer

Conflicts of interest to declare



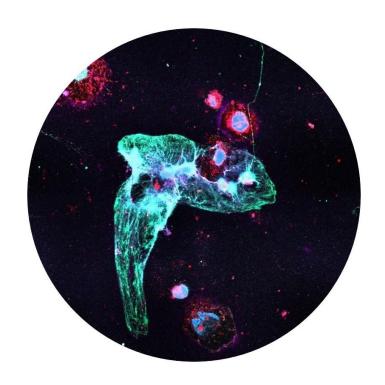
Employee and shareholder of VolitionRX Limited

Neutrophil Extracellular Traps (NETs)



NETs:

- are produced by ejecting chromosomal material out of the cell
- catch and kill bacteria and viruses
- can sterilize blood in minutes
- first reported in 2004¹
- now the subject of > 5000 publications



^{1.} Brinkmann V, Reichard U, Goosmann C, Fauler B, Uhlemann Y, Weiss DS, Weinrauch Y, Zychlinsky A. Neutrophil extracellular traps kill bacteria. Science. 2004 Mar 5;303(5663):1532-5. DOI: 10.1126/science.1092385

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1 in 5 deaths worldwide are associated with sepsis

Almost **50 million** cases resulting in **11 million** deaths

Over 40% of cases are children under 5 years of age

It's the **number 1...**

Cause of death in hospitals

Cause for hospital readmissions

Healthcare cost (\$62bn in USA pa alone)

Over **40%** of survivors suffer from long-term physical or psychological effects

Who is at risk?



Anyone can get sepsis. It is indiscriminate of:



80% of infections leading to sepsis are contracted **outside** of a hospital.

Unmet Needs



- Current diagnosis is empirical, multi-factorial and subjective.
- CURRENT methods of assessment (SOFA and APACHE II) are both complex & slow.
- Accepted need for improved diagnostics¹.

1. Rudd et al. 2020 The Lancet doi: 10.1016/S0140-6736(19)32989-7.

Volition's Mission



Develop a low-cost, easy-to-use, rapid diagnostic test to save lives and improve outcomes for patients worldwide.

We are here to present Nu.Q[®] NETs H3.1 assay, a novel, clinically relevant biomarker which has the potential to change the management of patients with sepsis.

KOL meeting: Sept 2024



Chaired by **Professor Djillali Annane**, Professor of Medicine at University Paris Saclay-UVSQ.

- Professor Derek Angus, Professor and Chair of the Critical Care Medicine Department at the University of Pittsburgh. (Partial attendance; virtual)
- **Professor Michael Bauer**, Professor and Chair of the Department of Anaesthesiology and Intensive Care Medicine at Jena University Hospital, Germany.
- **Dr. Lieuwe Bos**, Principal Investigator within the Intensive Care department at Amsterdam UMC, and associate professor at the University of Amsterdam. (Partial attendance)
- Professor Luc de Chaisemartin, Professor of Immunology at Paris-Cité University, and Head of the Biological Immunology Department at Bichat Hospital, Paris.
- Dr. Charles Dehout, attending physician at Erasmus Hospital in Brussels.
- Professor Evangelos J. Giamarellos-Bourboulis, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens,
 Greece and Chair of the European Sepsis Alliance.
- Dr. Caroline Neumann, Senior Consultant in Intensive Care Medicine at Jena University Hospital, Germany.
- Dr. Andrew Retter, Clinical Lead in Critical Care Medicine, ECMO and Thrombosis, and Chief Medical Officer at Volition.
- Professor Mervyn Singer OBE, University College London, UK. Co-chair of the Sepsis-3 Definitions International Task Force.



NETs: Casting a new light on sepsis management



12:30-1:30 | Monday 7th October Room 112 | Channel 3



Prof. Djillali Annane
Professor of Medicine,
University Paris Saclay-UVSQ,
France





Dr. Caroline NeumannSenior Consultant in Intensive Care Medicine,
Jena University Hospital,
Germany



Dr. Andrew RetterClinical Lead in Critical Care Medicine, ECMO
& Thrombosis and Chief Medical Officer, Volition



Terry Kelly, PhD.Chief Innovation Officer, Volition, US

Join us to:

- Explore how the Nu.Q® NETs biomarker has the potential to predict organ failure (including acute kidney injury)
- Hear from world-respected sepsis experts and explore the latest research findings from large, independent studies (>3,000 patients)
- Evaluate the potential to use the Nu.Q® NETs biomarker as a 'treatable trait' to enhance sepsis management

Studies at Centers of Excellence: >3000 patients nets



Study	Country	Description	Cohort Size
SISPCT	Germany	Retrospective analysis of prospectively collected cohort	971 intensive care patients Multiple timepoints
Amsterdam UMC	Netherlands	Retrospective analysis of prospectively collected cohort	1,713 intensive care patients Multiple timepoints
RHU RECORDS	France	Prospective, multi-center, placebo controlled, bio-marker-guided, adaptive Bayesian design basket trial	1,500 intensive care patients Interim analysis of 416 patients

Executive Summary: consolidated conclusions



Results from three independent studies totalling over 3,000 patients. These findings are consistent across cohorts¹⁻³

An elevated H3.1 level reflects a dysregulated immune response and is associated with:

- a risk of increased mortality
- an increased risk of septic shock
- an increased risk of (multi-) organ failure
- an increased risk of ARDS
- an increased risk of renal failure

...could be thought of as a Treatable Trait in sepsis management

1. German Data Set, data on file; 2. Amsterdam UMC Data Set, data on file; 3. RHU Records Data Set, data on file

Why is H3.1 key: the biology & scientific rationale

Dr. Andrew Retter,

MBBS, MRCP, FRCPath (Haem), DICM, FFICM

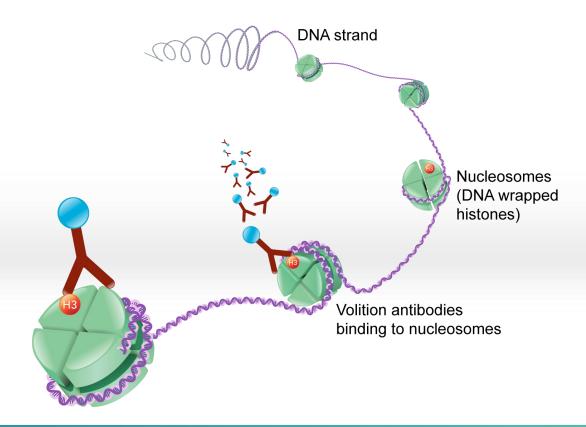
Clinical Lead in Intensive Care, ECMO and

Thrombosis



Nucleosomes and histones:





Nucleosomes and histones:

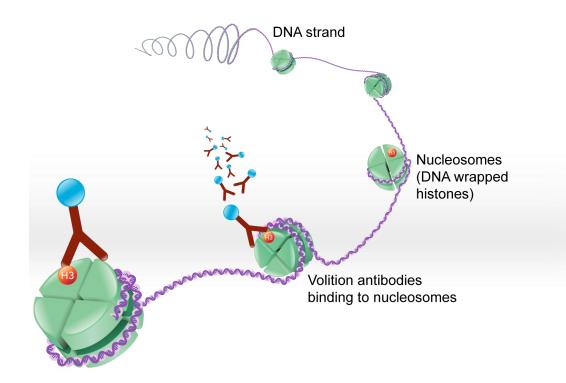


Key message:

The H3.1 assay can detect nucleosomes using chemiluminescence technology and provide a result within 15 minutes

The lower limit of quantification is 20ng/ml

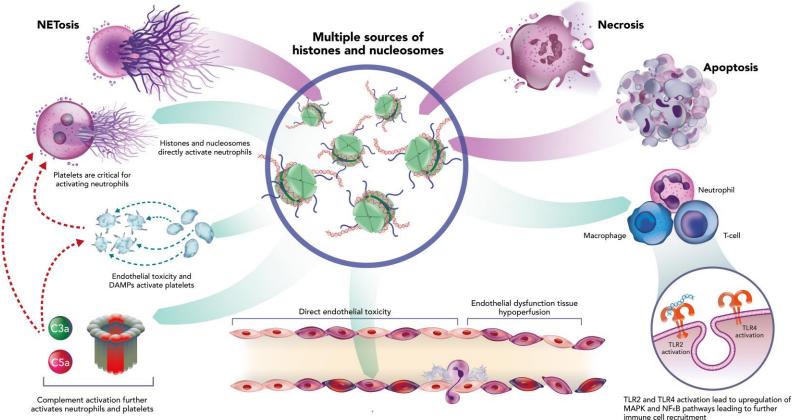
The upper limit of quantification is 20,000ng/ml



H3.1 as a Damage-Associated Molecular Protein



Slide 17



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Silk et al. Cell Death & Disease, 2017 http://dx.doi.org/10.1038/cddis.2017.52

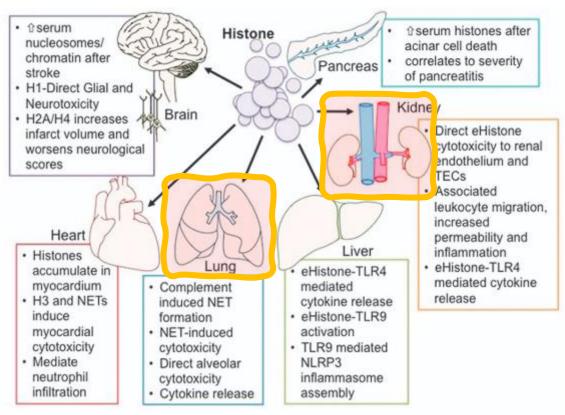


H3.1 sits as a triumvirate of innate immunity, inflammation and coagulation.

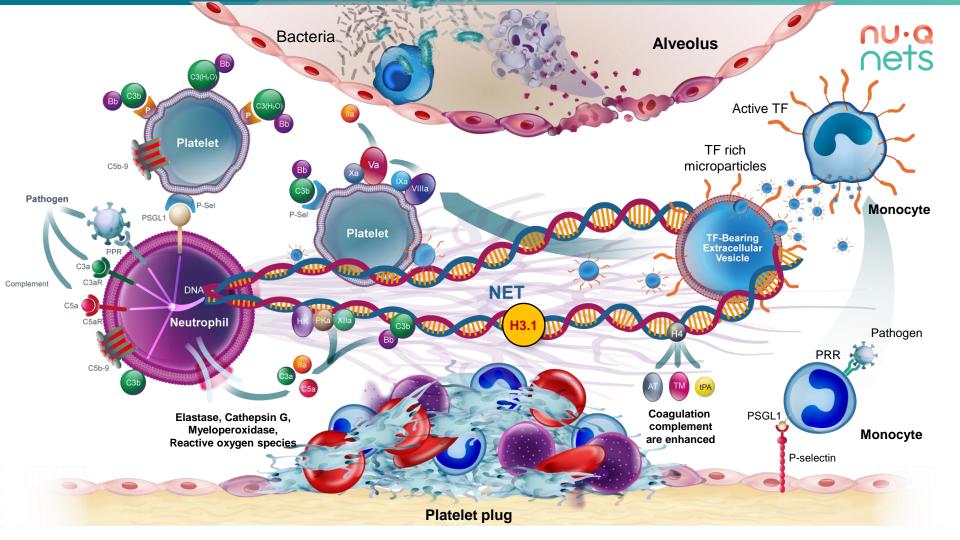
The majority of extracellular pathology is due to the indiscriminate binding of anionic components of the circulation and vasculature.

Extracellular Histones and Organ Injury





Silk et al, Cell Death & Disease, 2017 http://dx.doi.org/10.1038/cddis.2017.52



The role of H3.1 in NETosis:

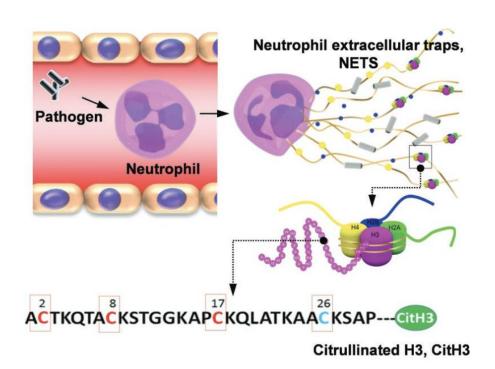
...proving we are measuring what we say we are measuring!

Terry Kelly, PhD., Chief Innovation Officer, Volition



NETs Contain Proteins and Trap Pathogens







A neutrophil granulocyte (yellow) has ejected a NET (green) to capture bacteria (purple). A red blood cell (orange) is also trapped in the NET. Stained scanning electron microscope image by Volker Brinkmann.

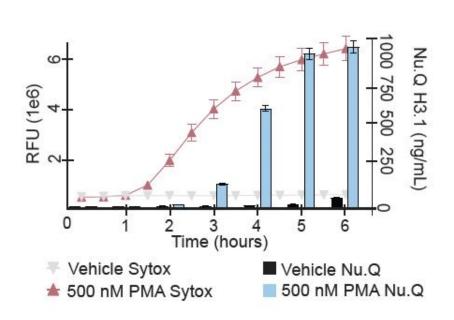
© Volker Brinkmann / Max Planck Institute for Infection Biology

Apel et al, Science Signaling, March 2021. DOI: 10.1126/scisignal.aax7942

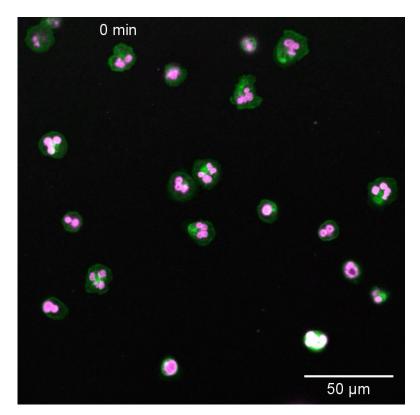
Y Park et al., Small, Jan 2020 https://doi.org/10.1002/smll.201905611

H3.1 Nucleosome Levels Increase With NETosis





Zukas et al, Journal of Thrombosis & Hematology, 2024 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jtha.2024.05.028



JTH Commentary, Sept 2024 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jtha.2024.06.016

Kinetic Information

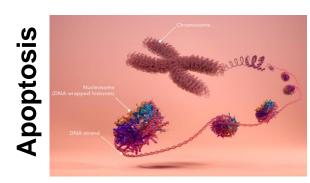


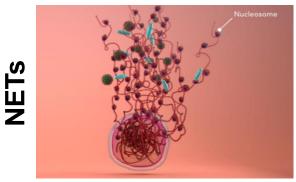
H3.1 is not impacted by height, weight, age, sex¹

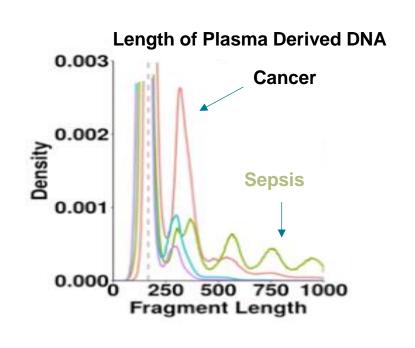
H3.1 is not impacted by the circadian rhythm²

cfDNA Profiles Vary Across Disease and Cell Death Mechanisms ∩ets









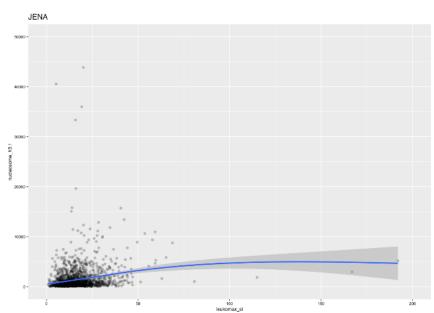
Circulating nucleosome levels increase as they are released faster than they can be removed

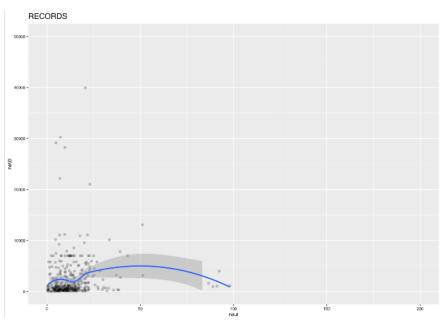
Clinical Data



H3.1 only correlated weakly with the neutrophil count







1. German Data Set, data on file; 2. RHU Records Data Set, data on file

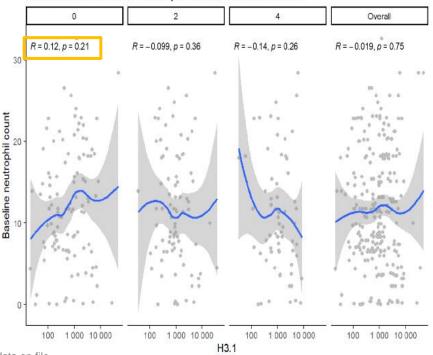
H3.1 only weakly correlated with the neutrophil count



6/22/24, 6:06 PM

Plasma nucleosomes as diagnostic and prognostic biomarker for organ failure

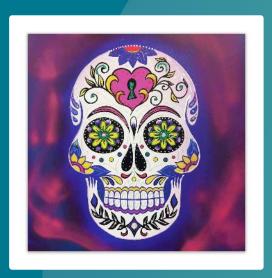




This is <u>critical</u> as H3.1 is giving us <u>NEW</u> information!

You don't just have to measure an FBC.

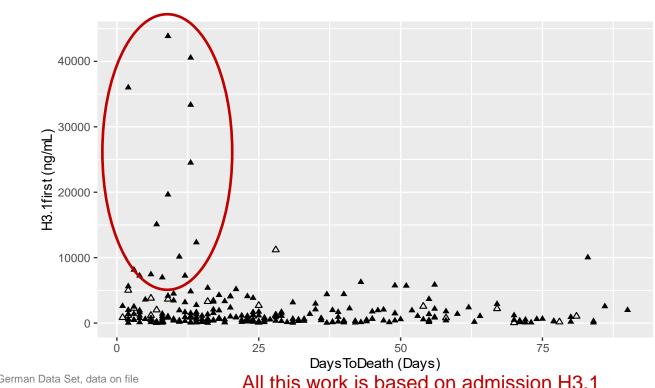
1. Amsterdam UMC Data Set, data on file



H3.1 predicts mortality

Initial H3.1 readings above 10,000 predicted mortality within 14 days





Diagnosis

septic shock

severe sepsis

Overall survivors not plotted

German Data Set, data on file

All this work is based on admission H3.1

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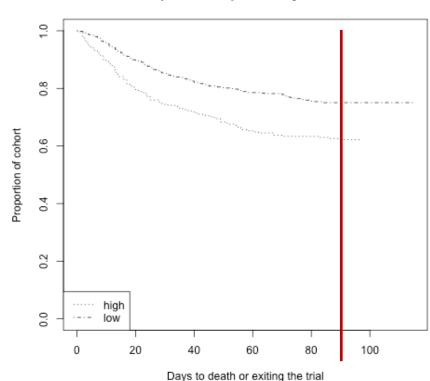
14 day mortality	Survivor			
Initial H3.1 (ng/mL)	Yes	No	Total	Risk
>20,000	0	5	5	100%
10,000-20,000	12	4	16	25%
1,000-10,000	264	36	300	12%
<1,000	508	40	548	7%
Total	784	85	869	10%

Kaplan-Meier plot of survival based on initial H3.1 – high > 1,143.3 ng/mL



Kaplan Meier plot of DaysInTrial

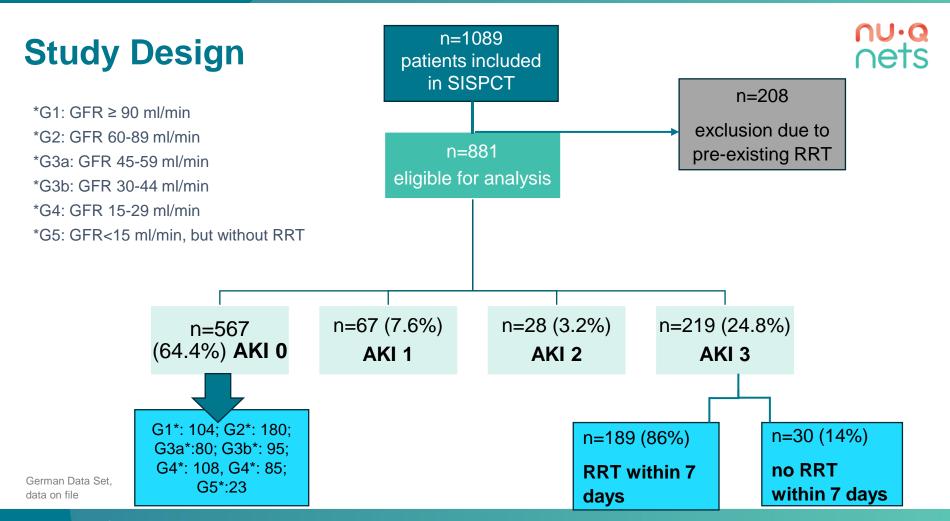
H3.1_first 7.080e-05 1.000e+00 1.195e-05 5.923 **3.16e-09** ***



German Data Set, data on file

Clinical utility of Nu.Q® in septic Acute Kidney Injury (AKI): Data from SISPCT



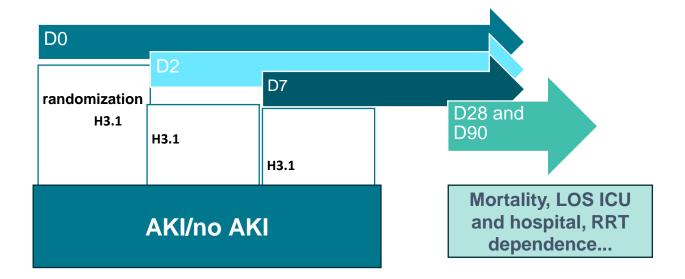


Measurement of H3.1 using Nu.Q® H3.1 Assay



H3.1 nucleosome levels were analyzed at admission and serially in frozen citrate plasma samples

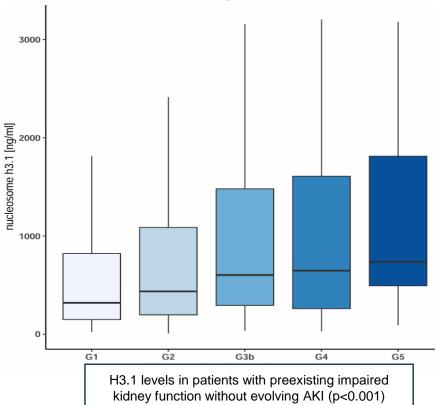
D-1 screening



German Data Set, data on file

H3.1 levels in patients with preexisting impaired kidney function without evolving AKI (p<0.001)





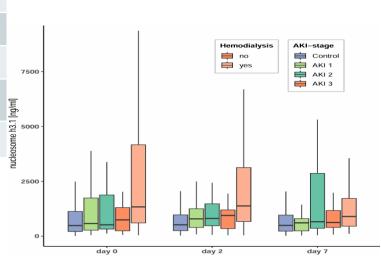
GFR≥ 90ml/min GFR 60-89 ml/min G3a: GFR 45-59ml/min G3b: GFR 30-44ml/min G4: GFR 15-29ml/min G5: GFR <15ml/min

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H3.1 Nucleosome levels over time



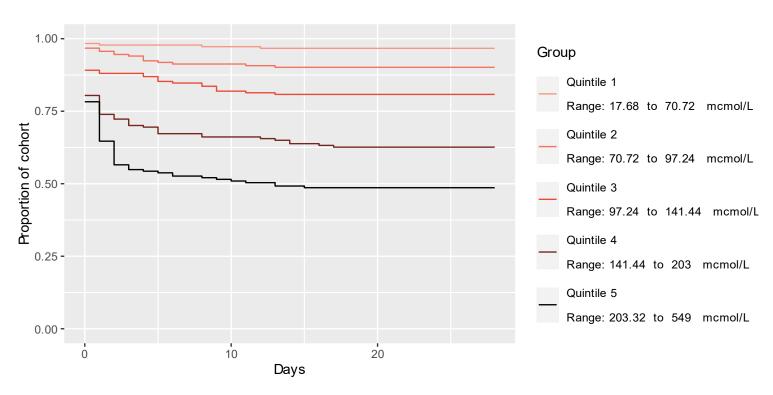
AKI stage	D0 (Nu.Q® Level)	D2 (Nu.Q® Level)	D7 (Nu.Q® Level)	p-value	
0	484 (216-1127)	518 (249-974)	492 (229-969)	0.785	
1	577 (266-1881)	790 (393-1319)	608 (234-820)	0.084	
2	518 (319-1917)	809 (477-1477)	658 (356-2864)	0.574	
3	1151 (509-3797)	1169 (611-2881)	885 (438-1641)	0.001	
3 without RRT	741 (242-1362)	944 (345-1198)	625 (399-1166)	0.924	
3 with RRT	1335 (604-4165)	1378 (654-3133)	898 (447-1778)	<0.001	
		initiation of RRT?			



German Data Set, data on file

Kaplan-Meier: Quintiles of Creatinine first for AKI Stage 4 at 28 days



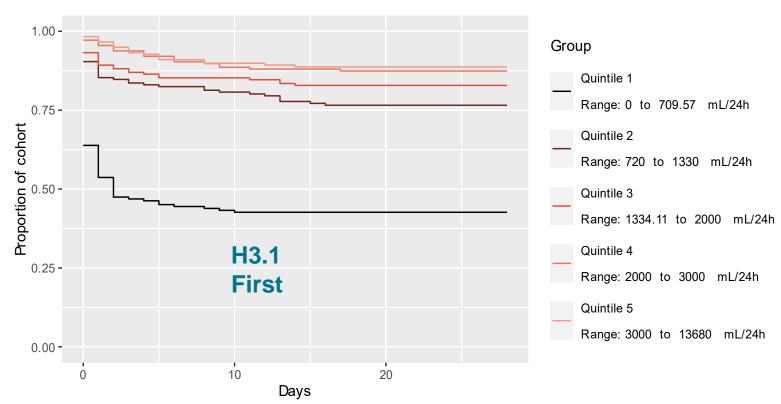


German Data Set, data on file

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Kaplan-Meier: Quintiles of H3.1 First for AKI Stage 4 at 28 days

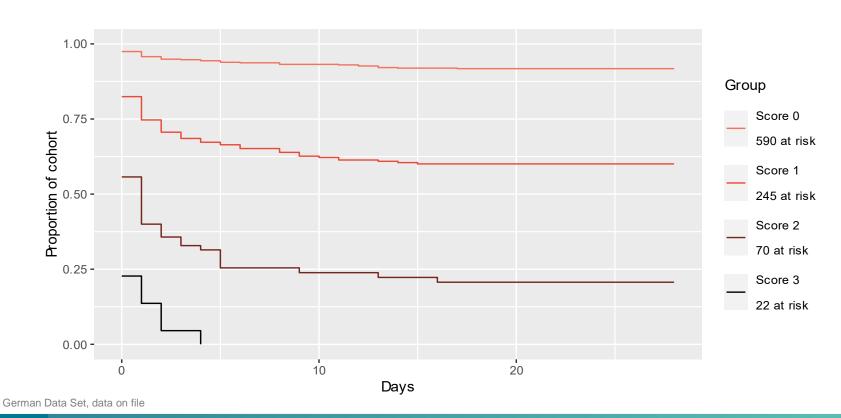




German Data Set, data on file

Clinical Model of H3.1 Dose + Platelets + Urine24hr for AnyRRT28





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Kidney Failure: summary



- Sepsis-induced AKI involves complex pathophysiology, with NETs playing a crucial role.
- Nu.Q[®] H3.1, as a marker of NETosis, shows promise as a biomarker in this context.
- H3.1 levels correlate with AKI severity and show distinct temporal patterns, particularly in severe AKI requiring RRT.
- Compared to creatinine, H3.1 offers improved early risk stratification for RRT requirements.
- A clinical model incorporating H3.1, platelet count, and urine output demonstrates strong predictive performance for RRT needs.
- > These findings open up exciting possibilities for improving the management of sepsis-induced AKI.

Respiratory Failure

Dr. Andrew Retter







The Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation

ISHT MEETING

Restoring discarded porcine lungs by ex vivo removal of neutrophil extracellular traps

Margareta Mittendorfer, MSc,^{a,b,c,d} Leif Pierre, PhD,^{b,c,d} Tibor Huzevka, MD,^{a,b,c,d} Jeremy Schofield, MD,^e Simon T. Abrams, PhD,^e Guozheng Wang, PhD,^e Cheng-Hock Toh, MD, PhD,^{e,f} Nicholas B. Bèchet, PhD,^{a,b,c,d} Ilma Caprnja, MD,^{a,b,c,d} Gunilla Kjellberg, PhD,^g Andrew Aswani, MD, PhD,^{h,i} Franziska Olm, PhD,^{a,b,c,d} and Sandra Lindstedt, MD, PhD^{a,b,c,d}

Mittendorf

Pigs ass treate non-tre gro



Anaesthes Intub Mechanica

Restoring discarded porcine lungs by ex vivo removal of neutrophil extracellular traps. Mittendorfer, Margareta et al. The Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation, Volume 0, Issue 0. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.healun.2024.07.007



The Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation http://www.jhltonline.org Mittendorfer et al. Removal of NETs Restored Damaged Porcine Donor Lungs Establishment of lung injury Baseline Placed on Ex Vivo Pigs assigned to Lung Perfusion treated or Gastric aspiration (EVLP) non-treated group Anaesthesia induction Gastric content Confirmed Donor Storage at NET removal lung Intubation with pH 2 ARDS 4-8°C Mechanical ventilation retrieval 30 min 60 min Hemodynamic parameters ABG BALF

EVLP hemodynamic parameters

· Confirmation Berlin definition of ARDS

Restoring discarded porcine lungs by ex vivo removal of neutrophil extracellular traps. Mittendorfer, Margareta et al. The Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation, Volume 0, Issue 0. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.healun.2024.07.007

Blood sample

Chest x-ray

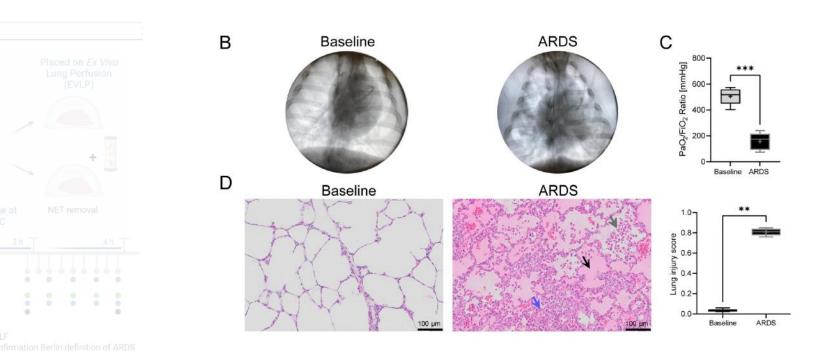
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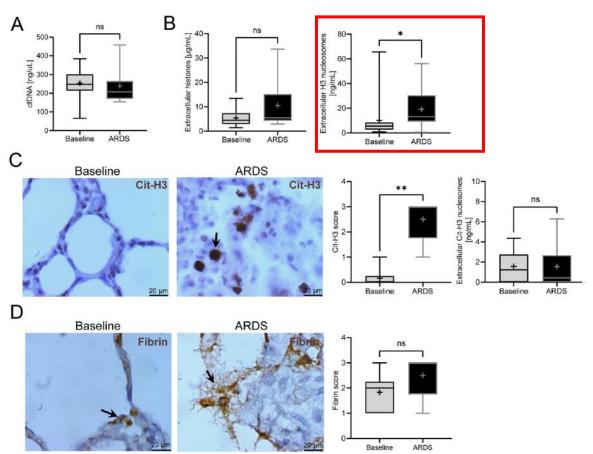
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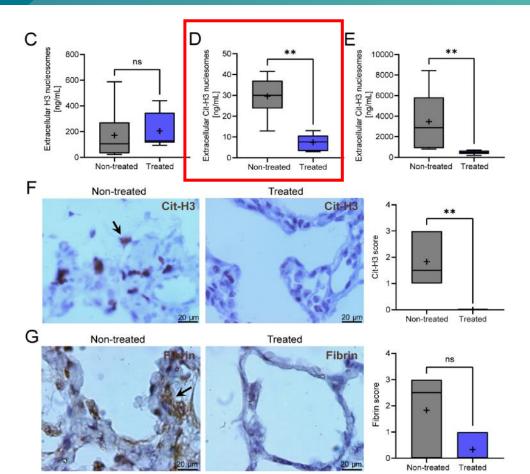




Restoring discarded porcine lungs by ex vivo removal of neutrophil extracellular traps. Mittendorfer, Margareta et al. The Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation, Volume 0, Issue 0. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.healun.2024.07.007



Restoring discarded porcine lungs by ex vivo removal of neutrophil extracellular traps. Mittendorfer, Margareta et al. The Journal of Heart and Lung Transplantation, Volume 0, Issue 0. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.healun.2024.07.007



nu·a nets



Our human data is consistent with this animal model of ARDS



Respiratory parameters at time of admission and ARDs

				Nu.Q [®] H3.1 levels Sepsis	Nu.Q [®] H3.1 levels Septic Shock	Statistical
No ARDs	138 (14.2%)	70 (15.8%)	63 (12.1%)	285.7	647.8	0.0017
Mild ARDs	201 (20.7%)	102 (23%)	96 (18.5%)	396.3	646.7	0.0044
Moderate ARDs	436 (44.9%)	193 (43.6%)	243 (46.7%)	465.5	921.6	***
Severe ARDs	196 (20.2%)	78 (17.6%)	118 (22.7%	540.1	1,306	***

Data on file

Consistent results across Clinical Studies



Studies at Centers of Excellence: >3000 patients nets

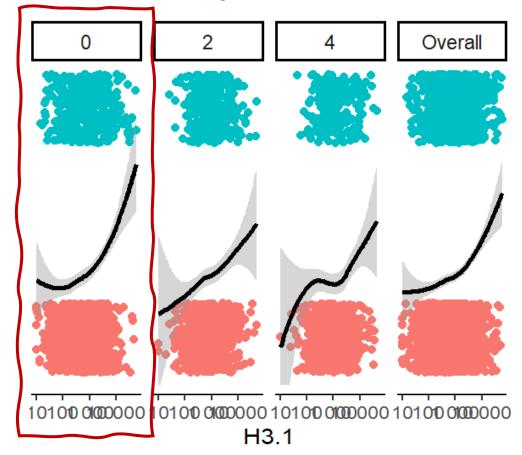


Study	Country	Description	Cohort Size
SISPCT	Germany	Retrospective analysis of prospectively collected cohort	971 intensive care patients Multiple timepoints
Amsterdam UMC	Netherlands	Retrospective analysis of prospectively collected cohort	1,713 intensive care patients Multiple timepoints
RHU RECORDS	France	Prospective, multi-center, placebo controlled, bio-marker-guided, adaptive Bayesian design basket trial	1,500 intensive care patients Interim analysis of 416 patients

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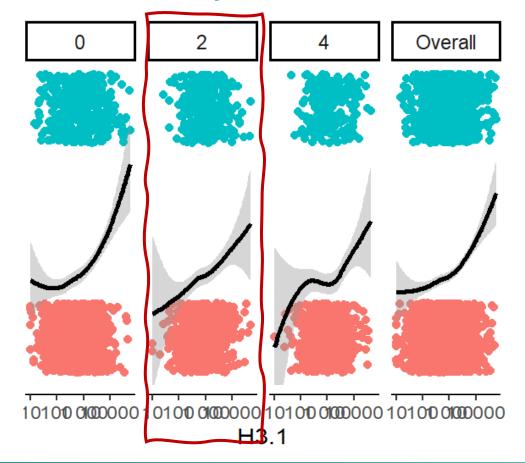
Relationship with mortality





Relationship with mortality

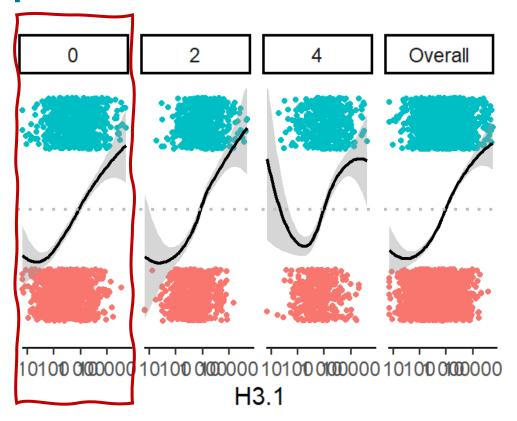




Relationship with AKI



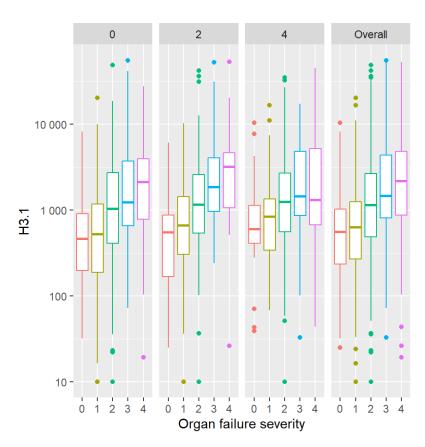




Total number of organ failures



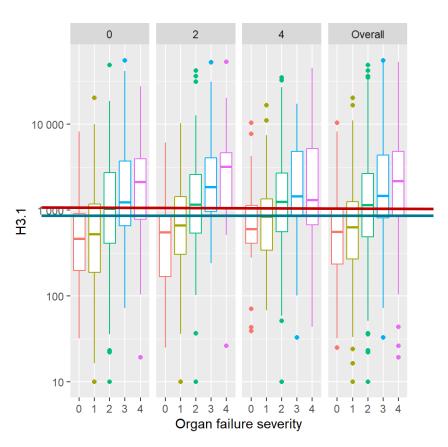




Total number of organ failures



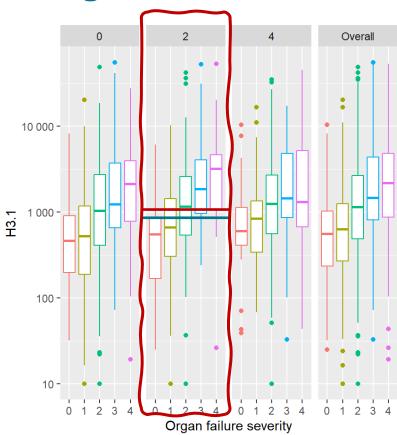




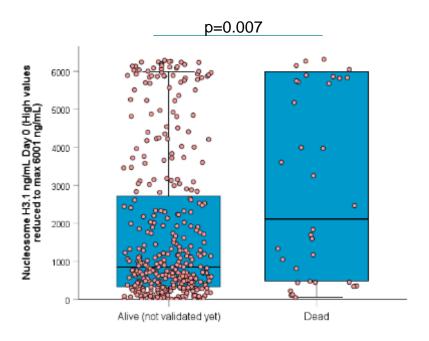
Total number of organ failures







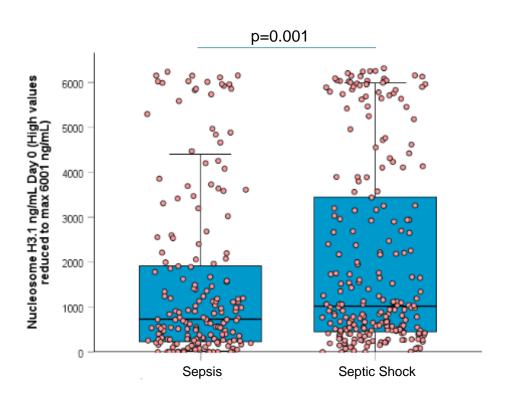
H3.1 levels and outcome: Higher initial level of H3.1-nets nuclesomes in patient who will die (7 days follow-up)



	Alive	Dead
n=	374	34
Median (ng/ml)	846	2106,8

Higher level of H3.1 in septic shock group





RECORDS

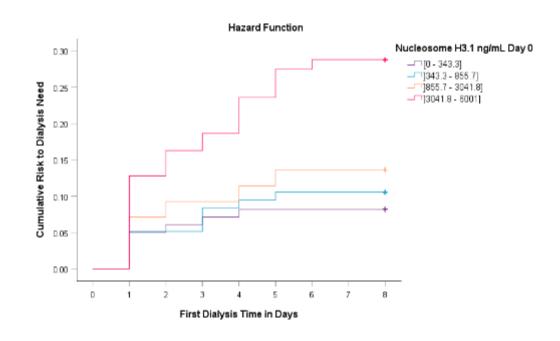
	Sepsis	Septic Shock
n=	183	233
Median (ng/ml)	727	1029

The risk to need any RRT increases with the level of nucleosomes at Day 0



56 patients had at least one (any) RRT within 7 Days

	Frequency	Percent
No dialysis	348	83.7
Dialysis	56	13.5
Unknown	12	2.9
Total	416	100.0

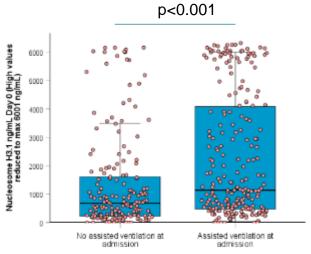


The distributions are **significantly** \neq between categories (p = 0,002)

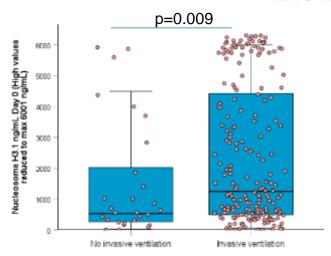
Higher level of H3.1-nucleosomes in patient who required respiratory support (at admission)



RHU RECORDS



	No assisted ventilation	Assisted ventilation
n=	181	235
Median (ng/ml)	673,4	1132,4



	No invasive ventilation	Invasive ventilation
n=	29	206
Median (ng/ml)	528,6	1261,9

Concluding Remarks



Studies at Centers of Excellence: >3000 patients not certs



Study	Country	Description	Cohort Size
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Executive Summary: consolidated conclusions



Results from three independent studies totalling over 3,000 patients. These findings are consistent across cohorts¹⁻³

An elevated H3.1 level reflects a dysregulated immune response and is associated with:

- a risk of increased mortality
- an increased risk of septic shock
- an increased risk of (multi-) organ failure
- an increased risk of ARDS
- an increased risk of renal failure

...could be thought of as a Treatable Trait in sepsis management

1. German Data Set, data on file; 2. Amsterdam UMC Data Set, data on file; 3. RHU Records Data Set, data on file



What's next?

- Report from Satellite Symposium
- Publication of KEY studies
- Out-licensing...

Commercial Strategy

Gael Forterre



Commercial Strategy



Overall strategy

- R&D conducted by Volition and its research partners
- Monetize our IP through commercial contracts

Volition is looking for partners to set up non-exclusive licensing deals:

- Broad geographic reach
- Large installed base
- Experience of tech transfer
- Regulatory and clinical affairs
- Patient focused



NETosis Opportunity: Commercial Update

- Licensing & Supply discussions underway with major actors of the sepsis and coagulation market
- For the first time in Volition's history, we are sharing data on the human side of the business with interested parties...exciting times!

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The Opportunity: It's big



Country	Intensive Care Population	Average Length of Stay (tested daily)	Price	Total Addressable Market
Europe (incl UK)	18m	10 days	\$20	3.6 Billion
U.S.	14.7	10 days	\$27.5	4 Billion
TOTAL				7.6 Billion

Source: VNRX

Question & Answer Session

