UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(X)	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(I					
	ended	Г	February 2	ne quarterly 28, 2010	period	
()	TRANSACTION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 1	5(d) OF THE SH	ECURITIES EXC	HANGE ACT OF 1	934	
	from	For	the to	transaction	period	
	<u>24707</u>	Commission	File number		0-	
	STANDARD CAPITAL					
	(Exact name of registrant as s	pecified in chara	er)			
	Delaware	91-1949078				
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employee I.D. No.)				
	557 M. Almeda Street Metro Manila, Philippines					
	(Address of principal executive offices)		(Zip Cod	le)		
<u>724-55</u>	Registrant's telephone number, including area code 011- 517	632				
	Not Applicat	ole				
	(Former name, former address and formal fisc	al year, if change	ed since last report			
1934 d	te by check mark whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to l during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No					
	te by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an ac finition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "small report				1g company.	
Large	accelerated filer []		Accelerated filer	[]		
Non-a	ccelerated filer [] (Do not check if a small reporting company)	Sn	nall reporting comp	pany [X]		
Indicat	te by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined i	n Rule 12b-2 of	the Exchange Act) Yes [] No [X]		

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PROCEDING FIVE YEARS

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 after the distribution of securities subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes \Box No \Box

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

March 15, 2010: 2,285,000 common shares

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PART 1 – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying balance sheets of Standard Capital Corporation (development stage company) at February 28, 2010 (with comparative figures as at August 31, 2009) and the statement of operations for the three and six months ended February 28, 2010 and 2009 and from September 24, 1998 (date of incorporation) to February 28, 2010 and the statement of cash flows for the six months ended February 28, 2010 and 2009 and for the period from September 24, 1998 (date of incorporation) to February 28, 2010 have been prepared by the Company's management in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In the opinion of management, all adjustments are of a normal recurring nature.

Operating results for the three and six months ended February 28, 2010, are not necessarily indicative of the results that can be expected for the year ending August 31, 2010.

STANDARD CAPITAL CORPORATION (Development Stage Company)

BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)

	Feb 28, 2010	August 31, 2009	
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 725	\$ 3,441	
Total Current Assets	\$ 725	\$ 3,441	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 96,723	\$ 95,626	
Accounts payable – related parties	15,948	15,355	
Total Current Liabilities	112,671	110,981	
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY			
Common Stock			
200,000,000 shares authorized, at \$0.001 par value	2,285	2,285	
2,285,000 shares issued and outstanding Capital in excess of par value	98,565	96,465	
Deficit accumulated during the Development stage	(212,796)	(206,290)	
Total Stockholders' Deficiency	(111,946)	(107,540)	
	\$ 725	\$ 3,441	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements

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STANDARD CAPITAL CORPORATION (Development Stage Company)

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Three and Six Months Ended February 28, 2010 and 2009 and the Period September 24, 1998 (Date of Inception) to February 28, 2010

(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)

	Three months ended Feb. 28, 2010	Three months S ended Feb. 28, 2009	Six Months Ended S Feb.28, 2010	ix Months Ended Feb. 28, 2009	Date of Inception to Feb. 28, 2010
SALES	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES:					
Accounting and audit	1,750	1,750	3,500	3,500	76,130
Annual general meeting	-	-	-	-	2,250
Bank charges and interest	21	22	66	41	2,149
Consulting fees	-	-	-	-	17,500
Edgar filing fees	250	250	500	500	11,529
Filing fees	-	-	-	-	1,895
Geological report	-	-	-	-	2,780
Incorporation costs	-	-	-	-	255
Legal fees	-	-	-	-	6,987
Management fees	600	600	1,200	1,200	27,600
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	1,600
Office expenses	39	34	190	100	6,931
Rent	300	300	600	600	13,800
Staking and exploration costs	-	-	-	-	17,617
Telephone	150	150	300	300	6,900
Transfer agent's fees	100	200	150	250	11,850
Travel and entertainment	-	-	-	-	5,023
NET LOSS	\$ (3,210)	\$ (3,306)	\$ (6,506)	\$ (6,491)	\$ (212,796)
N E T LOSS PER COMMON SHARE	I				
Basic	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	
AVERAGE OUTSTANDING SHARES					
Basic	2,285,000	2,285,000	2,285,000	2,285,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

STANDARD CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Development Stage Company)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended February 28, 2010 and 2009 and the Period September 24, 1998 (Date of Inception) to February 28, 2010

(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)

	For the six months ended Feb. 28, 2010	For the Six months ended Feb. 28, 2009	Sept 24, 1998 to Feb. 28, 2010
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net loss	\$ (6,506)	\$ (6,491)	\$ (212,796)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Change in accounts payable	1,097	53	96,723
Capital contributions – expenses	2,100	2,100	48,300
Net Change in Cash from Operations	(3,309)	(4,338)	(67,773)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Advances from related parties	593	2,101	15,948
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	-	-	52,550
Cash flows from financing activities	593	2,101	68,498
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash	(2,716)	(2,237)	725
Cash at Beginning of Period	3,441	3,318	-
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 725	\$ 1,081	\$ 725

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

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STANDARD CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Development Stage Company) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS February 28, 2010

(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)

1. ORGANIZATION

The Company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware on September 24, 1998 with the authorized common stock of 25,000,000 shares at \$0.001 par value.

The shareholders, at the Annual General Meeting held on February 20, 2004, approved an amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation whereby the authorized share capital of the Company would be increased from 25,000,000 common shares with a par value of \$0.001 per share to 200,000,000 common shares with a par value of \$0.001 per share.

The Company was organized for the purpose of acquiring and developing mineral properties. At the report date the Company has no mineral claim since it allowed the Standard claim to lapse in February 2008 and has not identified another claim to replace it. Nevertheless, the Company continues to be in the development stage due to its intent to acquire another mineral claim in the immediate future.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting Methods

The Company recognizes income and expenses based on the accrual method of accounting.

Dividend Policy

The Company has not yet adopted a policy regarding payment of dividends.

Income Taxes

The Company utilizes the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under the liability method deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between financial reporting and the tax bases of the assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect, when the differences are expected to be reversed. An allowance against deferred tax assets is recorded, when it is more likely than not, that such tax benefits will not be realized.

On February 28, 2010, the Company had a net operating loss carry forward of \$212,796. The tax benefit of approximately \$63,800 from the loss carry forward has been fully offset by a valuation reserve because the use of the future tax benefit is doubtful since the Company has no operations. The loss carry forward will expire starting in 2022 through 2030.



STANDARD CAPITAL CORPORATION (Development Stage Company)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

February 28, 2010

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Statement of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Basic and Diluted Net Income (loss) Per Share

Basic net income (loss) per share amounts are computed based on the weighted average number of shares actually outstanding. Diluted net income (loss) per share amounts are computed using the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding as if shares had been issued on the exercise of any common share rights unless the exercise becomes antidilutive and then only the basic per share amounts are shown in the report.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized on the sale and transfer of goods or completion of service.

Advertising and Market Development

The company expenses advertising and market development costs as incurred.

Financial and Concentrations Risk

The Company does not have any concentration or related financial credit risk.

Environmental Requirements

At the report date environmental requirements related to the mineral claim acquired are unknown and therefore an estimate of any future cost cannot be made.

Estimates and Assumptions

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with accounting principles accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing these financial statements.

Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of financial instruments, including cash and accounts payable, are considered by management to be their estimated fair value due to their short term maturities.

STANDARD CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Development Stage Company) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

February 28, 2010

(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not expect that the adoption of other recent accounting pronouncements will have a material impact on its financial statements.

3. SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

On November 30, 2009, officers-directors and their families had acquired 12% of the common capital stock issued, and have made no interest, demand loans of \$15,948 and have made contributions to capital of \$48,300 to the Company in the form of expenses paid for the Company.

4. STOCK OPTION PLAN

At the Annual General Meeting held on February 20, 2004, the shareholders approved a Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") whereby a maximum of 5,000,000 common shares were authorized but unissued to be granted to directors, officers, consultants and nonemployees who assisted in the development of the Company. The value of the stock options to be granted under the Plan will be determined on the fair market value of the Company's shares when they are listed on any established stock exchange or a national market system at the closing price as at the date of granting the option. No stock options have been granted under this Plan.

5. CAPITAL STOCK

The Company has completed one Regulation D offering of 1,295,000 shares of its capital stock for \$3,050. In addition, the Company has completed an Offering Memorandum whereby 990,000 common shares were issued for at a price of \$0.05 per share for \$49,500.

6. GOING CONCERN

The Company will need additional working capital to service its debt and for its intended purpose of acquiring another mineral claim, which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon obtaining additional working capital and the management of the Company has developed a strategy, which it believes will accomplish this objective through additional equity funding, and long term financing, which will enable the Company to operate for the coming year.

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events from the balance sheet through March 30, 2010 and has found no material subsequent events to report.



ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the information contained in the financial statements of Standard Capital Corporation ("Standard") and the notes which form an integral part of the financial statements which are attached hereto.

The financial statements mentioned above have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are stated in United States dollars.

Standard presently has minimal day-to-day operations; mainly comprising the maintaining of the Standard claim in good standing on an annual basis and preparing the various reports to be filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") as required.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Standard has had no revenue since inception and its accumulated deficit is \$212,796. To date, the growth of Standard has been funded by the sale of shares and advances by its former director in order to meet the requirements of filing with the SEC.

Standard has not yet identified a mineral property to replace the Standard claim which was allowed to lapse on February 23, 2008. Presently Standard does not have the funds to consider any additional mineral claims. Management is considering the raising of additional funds through the sale of shares but no decision as to the price and number of shares to be issued has been decided upon.

Management estimates that a minimum of \$24,900 will be required over the next twelve months to pay for such expenses as bookkeeping (\$5,250), auditing (\$4,000), Edgar fees (\$1,100), filing fees to maintain Standard in good standing with the State of Delaware and payment to Standard's registrant (\$300), edgarizing costs (\$1,200), identifying a new mineral claim and obtaining geological report thereon (\$10,000), office and miscellaneous (\$750), annual general meeting mail costs, holding of meeting, etc. (\$1,100) and payments to the transfer agent (\$1,200). The above noted figure does not include amounts owed to third party creditors in the amount of \$96,723 as at February 28, 2010. The amount required to cover total operating costs for the next twelve months and to settle all the outstanding amounts owed to third party creditors would be \$121,623. At present Standard does not have these funds to pay for future expenses and eliminate accounts payable and therefore would be required to either sell shares in its capital stock or obtain further advances from its director. Standard's future operations and growth is dependent on its ability to raise capital for expansion and to seek revenue sources.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Standard claim

The Standard claim lapsed without the Company undertaking any exploration work during the past year due to management feeling there was not significant mineral value in the claim. It expired on February 23, 2008. The Company no longer has any rights to the minerals on the Standard claim nor any liability attached thereto.

The new management of Standard is seeking another mineral claim of merit but at this time has not identified any mineral claim.

Standard has undertaken no product research and development since inception. Management has no plans to purchase or sell any plant or significant equipment in the foreseeable future. In addition, Standard does not expect a significant change in the number of employees in the immediate future.



ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market Information

There are no common shares subject to outstanding options, warrants or securities convertible into common equity of our Company.

The number of shares subject to Rule 144 is 1,090,000 Share certificates representing these shares have the appropriate legend affixed on them.

There are no shares being offered to the public other than indicated in our effective registration statement and no shares have been offered pursuant to an employee benefit plan or dividend reinvestment plan.

Our shares are traded on the OTCBB. Although the OTCBB does not have any listing requirements per se, to be eligible for quotation on the OTCBB, we must remain current in our filings with the SEC; being as a minimum Forms 10-Q and 10-K. Securities already quoted on the OTCBB that become delinquent in their required filings will be removed following a 30 or 60 day grace period if they do not make their filing during that time.

In the future our common stock trading price might be volatile with wide fluctuations. Things that could cause wide fluctuations in our trading price of our stock could be due to one of the following or a combination of several of them:

- our variations in our operations results, either quarterly or annually;
- trading patterns and share prices in other exploration companies which our shareholders consider similar to ours;
- the merits of a new mineral claim, and
- other events which we have no control over.

In addition, the stock market in general, and the market prices for thinly traded companies in particular, have experienced extreme volatility that often has been unrelated to the operating performance of such companies. These wide fluctuations may adversely affect the trading price of our shares regardless of our future performance. In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a security, securities class action litigation has often been instituted against such company. Such litigation, if instituted, whether successful or not, could result in substantial costs and a diversion of management's attention and resources, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial conditions.

Trends

We are in the developments stage, have not generated any revenue and have no prospects of generating any revenue in the foreseeable future. We are unaware of any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had, or are reasonably likely to have, a material impact on our business or income, either in the long term or short term, as more fully described under 'Risk Factors'.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) <u>Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures</u>

The Company has considered certain internal control procedures as required by the Sarbanes-Oxley ("SOX") Section 404 A which accomplishes the following:



Internal controls are mechanisms to ensure objectives are achieved and are under the supervision of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Good controls encourage efficiency, compliance with laws and regulations, sound information, and seek to eliminate fraud and abuse.

These control procedures provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Company's financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal control is "everything that helps one achieve one's goals - or better still, to deal with the risks that stop one from achieving one's goals."

Internal controls are mechanisms that are there to help the Company manage risks to success.

Internal controls is about getting things done (performance) but also about ensuring that they are done properly (integrity) and that this can be demonstrated and reviewed (transparency and accountability).

In other words, control activities are the policies and procedures that help ensure the Company's management directives are carried out. They help ensure that necessary actions are taken to address risks to achievement of the Company's objectives. Control activities occur throughout the Company, at all levels and in all functions. They include a range of activities as diverse as approvals, authorizations, verifications, reconciliations, reviews of operating performance, security of assets and segregation of duties.

As of February 28, 2010, the management of the Company assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") and SEC guidance on conducting such assessments. Management concluded, during the three months ended February 28, 2010, internal controls and procedures were not effective to detect the inappropriate application of US GAAP rules. Refer to comments below. Management realized there are deficiencies in the design or operation of the Company's internal control that adversely affected the Company's internal controls which management considers to be material weaknesses.

In the light of management's review of internal control procedures as they relate to COSO and the SEC the following were identified:

• The Company's Audit Committee does not function as an Audit Committee should since there is a lack of independent directors on the Committee and the Board of Directors has not identified an "expert", one who is knowledgeable about reporting and financial statements requirements, to serve on the Audit Committee.

• The Company has limited segregation of duties which is not consistent with good internal control procedures.

• The Company does not have a written internal control procedurals manual which outlines the duties and reporting requirements of the Directors and any staff to be hired in the future. This lack of a written internal control procedurals manual does not meet the requirements of the SEC or good internal control.

• There are no effective controls instituted over financial disclosure and the reporting processes.

Management feels the weaknesses identified above, being the latter three, have not had any affect on the financial results of the Company. Management will have to address the lack of independent members on the Audit Committee and identify an "expert" for the Committee to advise other members as to correct accounting and reporting procedures.

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The Company and its management will endeavor to correct the above noted weaknesses in internal control once it has adequate funds to do so. Appointing independent members to the Audit Committee and using the services of an expert on the Committee will greatly improve the overall performance of the Audit Committee. With the addition of other Board Members and staff the segregation of duties issue will be addressed and will no longer be a concern to management. Having a written policy manual outlining the duties of each of the officers and staff of the Company will facilitate better internal control procedures.

Management will continue to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls and procedures and its internal controls over financial reporting on an ongoing basis and is committed to taking further action and implementing additional enhancements or improvements, as necessary and as funds allow.

ITEM 4A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

There were no material changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could materially affect the Company's disclosure controls and procedures subsequent to the Evaluation Date, nor any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in such disclosure controls and procedures requiring corrective actions.

PART 11 – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are no legal proceedings to which Standard is a party nor to the best of management's knowledge are any material legal proceedings contemplated.

ITEM 1A RISK FACTORS

There are certain risk factors regarding Standard's operations which might affect the outcome of its ability to operate in the future. An investment in Standard's securities involves an exceptionally high degree of risk and is extremely speculative. The following risk factors reflect the potential and substantial material risks which could be involved if you decide to purchase shares in Standard.

Risks Associated with Standard:

1. Because Standard's auditors have issued a going concern opinion and because its officers and directors will not loan any money to it, Standard may not be able to achieve its objectives and may have to suspend or cease exploration activity.

Standard's auditors' report on its 2009 financial statements expressed an opinion that substantial doubt exists as to whether Standard can continue as an ongoing business for the next twelve months. Because its officers and directors are unwilling to loan or advance capital to it, Standard believes that if it does not raise additional capital through the issuance of treasury shares, Standard will be unable to conduct exploration activity and may have to cease operations and go out of business.

2. With the expiry of the Standard mineral claim, the Company has no assets to build a future thereon.

On February 23, 2008, the Company did not maintain the Standard claim in good standing and therefore lost all rights to the minerals thereon. This has resulted in the Company having no assets to build its future on. Without any assets, the Company might not be able to raise future funding and therefore will cease to exist as a company.



3. Standard lacks an operating history and has losses which it expects to continue into the future. As a result, Standard may have to suspend or cease exploration activity or cease operations.

Standard was incorporated in 1998 and its limited exploration activities have not generated any revenues. Standard has an insufficient exploration history upon which to properly evaluate the likelihood of its future success or failure. Standard's net loss from inception to February 28, 2010 is \$212,796. Its ability to achieve and maintain profitability and positive cash flow in the future is dependent upon

- * Its ability to locate a profitable mineral property
- * Its ability to locate an economic ore reserve
- * Its ability to generate revenues
- ^k Its ability to reduce exploration costs.

Based upon current plans, Standard expects to incur operating losses in future periods. This will happen because there are expenses associated with identifying a new mineral property, obtaining a geological report and undertaking preliminary explorations work on the new mineral claim. Standard cannot guarantee it will be successful in generating revenues in the future. Failure to generate revenues will cause it to go out of business.

4. Because Standard's officers and directors do not have technical training or experience in managing a public company, it will have to hire qualified personnel to fulfill these functions. If Standard lacks funds to retain such personnel, or cannot locate qualified personnel, it may have to suspend or cease exploration activity or cease operations which will result in the loss of its shareholders' investment.

Standard's officers and directors have no direct training or experience in managing and fulfilling the regulatory reporting obligations of a 'public company' like Standard. Unless its two officers and directors are willing to spend more time addressing these matters, it will have to hire professionals to undertake these filing requirements for Standard and this will increase the overall cost of operations.

As a result Standard may have to suspend or cease exploration activity, or cease operations altogether, which will result in the loss of its shareholders' investment.

5. Because Standard's officers and directors have other outside business activities and may not be in a position to devote a majority of their time to Standard's exploration activity, its exploration activity may be sporadic which may result in periodic interruptions or suspensions of exploration.

Standard's new President and CEO, Alexander Borco Magallano, Professional Geologist, will be devoting only 15% of his time, approximately 15 hours per month, to Standard's operations of its business. Standard's new Secretary-Treasurer, Rudy Belloy Perez, Professional Geologist, and its other director, B. Gordon Brooke, will be devoting only 5 to 10 hours per month to Standard's operations. As a consequence Standard's business may suffer. For example, because its officers and directors have other outside business activities and may not be in a position to devote a majority of their time to Standard's exploration activity, its exploration activity may be sporadic or may be periodically interrupted or suspended. Such suspensions or interruptions may cause us to cease operations altogether and go out of business.

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6. Standard anticipates the need to sell additional treasury shares in the future meaning that there will be a dilution to its existing shareholders resulting in their percentage ownership in Standard being reduced accordingly.

Standard expects that the only way it will be able to acquire additional funds is through the sale of its common stock. This will result in a dilution effect to its shareholders whereby their percentage ownership interest in Standard is reduced. The magnitude of this dilution effect will be determined by the number of shares Standard will have to issue in the future to obtain the funds required.

7. Because Standard's securities are subject to penny stock rules, its shareholders may have difficulty reselling their shares.

Standard's shares are "penny stocks" and are covered by Section 15(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 which imposes additional sales practice requirements on broker/dealers who sell the Company's securities including the delivery of a standardized disclosure document; disclosure and confirmation of quotation prices; disclosure of compensation the broker/dealer receives; and, furnishing monthly account statements. For sales of Standard's securities, the broker/dealer must make a special suitability determination and receive from its customer a written agreement prior to making a sale. The imposition of the foregoing additional sales practices could adversely affect a shareholder's ability to dispose of his stock.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALE OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None

ITEM 3	B. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES		
None			
ITEM 4	SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
None			
ITEM 5	5. OTHER INFORMATION		
None			
ITEM (5. EXHIBITS		
(a)	Exhibits		
1.	Certificate of Incorporation, Articles of Incorporation and By-laws		
1.1	Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated by reference from Standard's Registration Statement on Form 10-SB filed on December 6, 1999)		
1.2	Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference from Standard's Registration Statement on Form 10-SB filed on December 6, 1999)		
1.3	By-laws (incorporated by reference from Standard's Registration Statement on Form 10-SB filed on December 6, 1999)		

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

STANDARD CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Registrant)

ALEXANDER B. MAGALLANO Alexander B. Magallano Chief Executive Officer President and Director

Dated: March 30, 2010

GORDON BROOKE B. Gordon Brooke Chief Accounting Officer Chief Financial Officer and Director

Dated: March 30, 2010

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Exhibit 99.1 THE CERTIFICATE REQUIRED BHY RULE 13a - 14a (17CFR 240.13a-14a) OR RULE 15D-14(A) (17 CFR 240.15D - 14(A))

I, Alexander B. Magallano, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Standard Capital Corporation (the "registrant");

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a - 15(f) and 15d - 15(f)) for the registrant and have;

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal controls over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control of financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: March 30, 2010

ALEXANDER B. MAGALLANO Alexander B. Magallano Chief Executive Officer, President and Director

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CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report (the "Report") on the Form 10-Q of Standard Capital Corporation (the "Company") for the six months ended February 28, 2010, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Alexander B. Magallano, Chief Executive Officer, President and Director, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

1. The Quarterly Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

2. The information contained in this Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company.

Date: March 30, 2010

ALEXANDER B. MAGALLANO Alexander B. Magallano Chief Executive Officer, President and Director

Exhibit 99.3THE CERTIFICATION REQUIRED BY RULE 13a-14a (17 CFR 240.13a-14(a)) OR RULE 15d-14(a)(17 CFR 240.15d-14(a))

I, B. Gordon Brooke, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Standard Capital Corporation. (the "registrant");

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a - 15(f) and 15d - 15(f)) for the registrant and have;

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal controls over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control of financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: March 30, 2010

B. GORDON BROOKE B. Gordon Brooke Chief Financial Officer, Treasury Secretary and Director

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CERTIFICATE PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report (the "Report") on the Form 10-Q of Standard Capital Corporation (the "Company") for the six months ended February 28, 2010, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, B. Gordon Brooke, Chief Accounting Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Director, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief:

1. The Quarterly Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

2. The information contained in this Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Company.

Date: March 30, 2010

GORDON BROOKE B. Gordon Brooke Chief Accounting Officer Chief Financial Officer and Director